

Here are some pictures of animals living together with plants. Which of these animals do you recognise from the pictures? Which of them have you seen before? Which of these animals live under the ground?



Elephants feeding on grass



A moth resting on a leaf

A caterpillar chewing a leaf



Earthworms on leaves and soil



A tailorbird singing

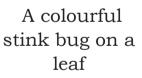


A woodpecker on a tree trunk





Ants building their nest using leaves



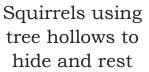


A frog resting on a leaf



A butterfly perched on a leaf







A barbet using a tree hollow for nesting

#### Our Wondrous World | Class 3



Which of the animals shown on page 63, have you seen before? Describe where and how you saw them. Use your fingers, hands and arms to show how small or big these animals are!



Repeat the above activity a day after it rains. Remember to pick up the soil from the same place. Did you find any differences in the look, feel and smell of the soil?

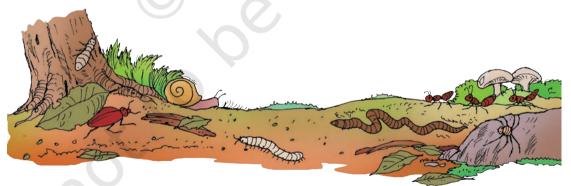
Pick up a little soil from another place, far away from any plants. Is



it different from the soil that you collected earlier? In what ways?

Examine the soil more carefully. What small things do you notice in it?

Soil is the topmost layer of the Earth's surface. Soil is made from rocks that have broken up into tiny pieces, as well as old leaves, roots, stems and living and dead animals like insects.



Soil has many insects and other creatures living in it! Some you can see, and some are too small to see. On the top layer of soil and moving around between the grass and leaves you might find insects like ants, termites, small beetles and grasshoppers.

When it rains and the soil is wet, other creatures like earthworms and millipedes may appear too. You may also find more grasses and other plants growing in the soil.

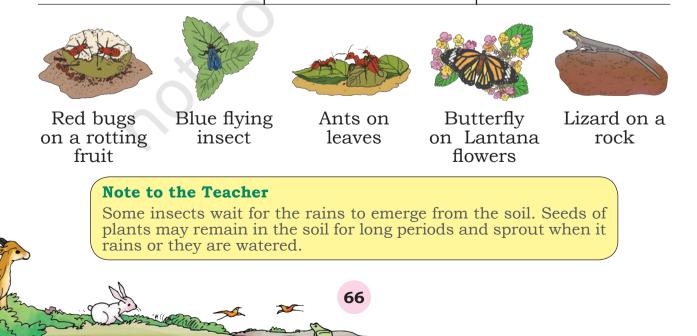
# Discuss

In the monsoons, you may find many more plants and animals around. Where did these new plants and animals come from? Why could you not see them earlier?



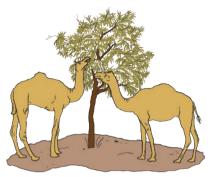
Stand near your plant friend and look around. How many different animals can you spot? Describe them in words and fill in the table. You may use the given pictures if needed.

I saw (Describe)	It was on	What was it doing?
A small hopping insect	The grass	Jumping aound
A thin plant that curls	Another plant nearby	Nothing
A black bird		
	<b>V</b>	





Animals, birds and insects use different parts of plants for food, shelter and resting.



Camels eat leaves of plants



Birds like owls use hollows in the trees to bring up their young ones



Squirrels and crows use twigs from plants to build their nests and to bring up their young ones



Monkeys love eating the fruits of plants



Sunbirds and butterflies drink nectar from different flowers



Tailorbirds stitch leaves of plants to build their nests

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Bats and leopards use the branches of trees to rest and for shelter Caterpillars munch on different leaves of plants for food

How many of these animals have you seen? Watch out for them!



## **Sounds of Birds**

- Close your eyes and try to listen to the sounds of birds.
  Do you hear any bird sounds?
  Can you see which birds are making these sounds?
- Cup your ears with your hands as shown in the picture and point your face towards the direction of the bird sound. Can you hear the sound more clearly?



# **Different birds, different sounds**

- Recall the bird sounds you have listened to. Try to produce the sounds that different birds make.
- Now try to write down in the following table the sound of any birds you have heard.

Name of the bird	Sound made
Pigeon	Gutru Gu
	<u> </u>

- If you do not hear any sounds of birds, what do you think is the reason?
- Do you hear more bird sounds—
  - In the early morning?
  - In the afternoon?
  - In the evening?



## Let us reflect

## A. Discuss

- 1. What was the colour and texture of the two soil specimens that you collected during the previous activity? In which month did you pick them up? Did they smell different and can you describe the smells?
- 2. During which month did fresh new leaves appear on the plant that you were observing?
- 3. Which animals, birds and insects did you notice around plants?
- 4. Recall and write about how animals, birds and insects rely on plants. Which one was your favourite example?
- 5. What is soil made up of?

### **B. Write**

Names of two animals that you observed near or on plants.	
Describe the shape, size and colours of these animals.	
Guess why these animals were staying near these plants.	
What other interesting things did you notice about these animals?	

#### C. Draw

Remember you wrote about your plant friend. Now try and draw your plant friend. Use different coloured small dots in your drawing to show the places where you spotted animals, birds or insects.

#### D. Put in order

One day Suma found a caterpillar on a *tagar* plant. She found it interesting. She observed it for about 10 minutes. It was eating tender leaves continuously. Her mother came close to her. She guided her to observe the caterpillar each day. Suma became more curious. Consult an elder person and organise the following changes in order.

Now it was a butterfly.

The caterpillar formed a cocoon.

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It flew away gently.

One day it stopped eating.

It came out of the cocoon.